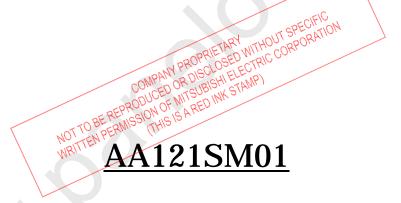


TENTATIVE

All information in this technical data sheet is tentative and subject to change without notice.

12.1" SVGA

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION



MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC Corp.

Date: Jul.7,'09



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1. APPLICATION

This specification applies to color TFT-LCD module, AA121SM01.

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MITSUBISHI classifies the usage of the TFT-LCD module as follows. Please confirm the usage before using the product.

(1) Standard Usage

Computers, office equipment, factory automation equipment, test and measurement equipment, communications, transportation equipment(automobiles, ships, trains, etc.), provided, however, that operation is not influenced by TFT-LCD directly.

(2) Special Usage

Medical equipment, safety equipment, transportation equipment, provided, however, that TFT-LCD is necessary to its operation.

(3) Specific Usage

Cockpit Equipment, military systems, aerospace equipment, nuclear reactor control systems, life support systems and any other equipment. MITSUBISHI should make a contract that stipulate apportionment of responsibilities between MITSUBISHI and our customer.

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MITSUBISHI has been making continuous effort to improve the reliability of its products. Customers should implement sufficient reliability design of their application equipments such as redundant system design, fail-safe functions, anti-failure features.

MITSUBISHI assumes no responsibility for any damage resulting from the use of the product that does not comply with the instructions and the precautions specified in this document.

Please contact and consult a MITSUBISHI sales representative for any questions regarding this product.

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AA121SM01 02 00



2. OVERVIEW

AA121SM01 is 12.1" color TFT-LCD (Thin Film Transistor Liquid Crystal Display) module composed of LCD panel, driver ICs, control circuit, and backlight unit.

By applying 6 bit digital data, 800×600 , 262k-color images are displayed on the 12.1" diagonal screen. Input power voltage is single 3.3V for LCD driving.

The type of data and control signals are digital and transmitted via CMOS interface per Typ. 40 MHz clock cycle.

Driver circuit for LED backlight is not included in this module. General specifications are summarized in the following table:

ITEM	SPECIFICATION
Display Area (mm)	$246.0(H) \times 184.5(V)$ (12.106-inch diagonal)
Number of Dots	$800 \times 3 \text{ (H)} \times 600 \text{ (V)}$
Pixel Pitch (mm)	0.3075 (H) × 0.3075 (V)
Color Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe
Display Mode	Normally white TN
Number of Color	262k
Luminance (cd/m²)	550
Wide Viewing Angle Technology	Optical compensation film
Viewing Angle (CR ≥ 10)	-80~80° (H) -60~80° (V)
Surface Treatment	Anti-glare and hard-coating 3H
Electrical Interface	CMOS
Optimum Viewing Angle (Contrast ratio)	6 o'clock
Module Size (mm)	280.0 (W) × 210.0 (H) × 12.0 (D)
Module Mass (g)	750
Backlight Unit	LED, edge-light, replaceable

Characteristic value without any note is typical value.



3. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

ITEM	SYMBOL	MIN.	MAX	UNIT
Power Supply Voltage for LCD	VCC	-0.3	4.0	V
Logic Input Voltage	VI	-0.3	6.0	V
Backlight (LED) Current	IF	0	180	mA
Operation Temperature (Panel) Note 1,2)	Top(Panel)	-30	80	°C
Operation Temperature (Ambient) Note 2)	Top(Ambient)	-30	80	°C
Storage Temperature Note 2)	T_{stg}	-30	80	°C

[Note]

- 1) Measured at the center of active area and at the center of panel back surface
- 2) Top,Tstg $\leq 40^{\circ}C$: 90%RH max. without condensation

Top,Tstg > 40°C : Absolute humidity shall be less than the value of 90%RH at 40°C without condensation.

4. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(1) TFT-LCD

Ambient temperature: $Ta = 25^{\circ}C$

ITE	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	Remarks	
Power Supply Vol	VCC	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	*1)	
Power Supply Cui	ICC		340	500	mA	*2)	
Permissive Input	Ripple Voltage	VRP			100	mVp-p	VCC = +3.3V
Logic Input	High	VIH	2.0		5.5	V	
Voltage	Low	VIL	0		0.8	V	

*1) Power and signals sequence:

 $t1 \leq 10 \ ms$

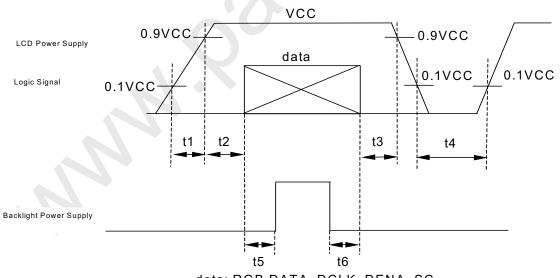
 $200 \text{ ms} \leq t4$

 $0 < t2 \leq 50 \ ms$

 $200 \text{ ms} \leq t5$

 $0 < t3 \le 50 \text{ ms}$

 $0 \le t6$



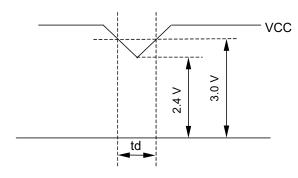
data: RGB DATA, DCLK, DENA, SC



VCC-dip conditions:

- 1) When 2.4 V \leq VCC < 3.0 V, td \leq 10 ms
- 2) When VCC < 2.4 V

VCC-dip conditions should also follow the power and signals sequence.



*2) VCC = +3.3 V , f_H =37.9 kHz, f_V =60 Hz, f_{CLK} = 40 MHz Display image at typical power supply current value is 64-gray-bar pattern (6 bit), 600 line mode.

*3) Fuse

Parameter	Fuse Type Name	Supplier	Remark
VCC	FCC16162AB	Kamaya Electric Co., Ltd.	*)

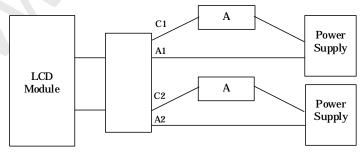
^{*)} The power supply capacity should be designed to be more than the fusing current.

(2) Backlight

ITEM	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	Remarks	
			(24)	31.1	V	IF = 120 mA, Ta = 25℃	
LED Voltage	VF		-	32.2	V	IF = 120 mA, $Ta = 0^{\circ}C$	
			33.6 V		IF = 120 mA, $Ta = -30$ °C		
LED Current	IF	-	120	130	mA	*1), *3)	
LED Life Time	LT	60,000			h	IF = 120 mA, Ta = 25° C *4), *5), Continuous operation	

[Note]

- *1) Constant Current Drive
- *2) The Voltage deviation between strings: $\left|\,V_{f1}-V_{f2}\,\right|\,\leq 2V$
- *3) LED Current measurement method



- *4) LED life time is defined as the time when the brightness becomes 50% of the initial value.
- *5) The life time of the backlight depends on the ambient temperature. The life time will decrease under high temperature.



5. INTERFACE PIN CONNECTION

(1) CN 1(INTERFACE SIGNAL)

Used connector: DF9B-41P-1V(32) (Hirose)

Corresponding connector: DF9B-41S-1V (Hirose)

Pin No.	Symbol	Function
1	GND	Signal ground
2	DCLK	Clock signal for sampling catch data signal
3	GND	Signal ground
4	HD	Horizontal sync signal *1)
5	VD	Vertical sync signal *1)
6	GND	Signal ground
7	GND	Signal ground
8	GND	Signal ground
9	R0	RED data signal(LSB)
10	R1	RED data signal
11	R2	RED data signal
12	GND	Signal ground
13	R3	RED data signal
14	R4	RED data signal
15	R5	RED data signal(MSB)
16	GND	Signal ground
17	GND	Signal ground
18	GND	Signal ground
19	G0	GREEN data signal(LSB)
20	G1	GREEN data signal
21	G2	GREEN data signal
22	GND	Signal ground
23	G3	GREEN data signal
24	G4	GREEN data signal
25	G5	GREEN data signal(MSB)
26	GND	Signal ground
27	GND	Signal ground
28	GND	Signal ground
29	В0	BLUE data signal (LSB)
30	B1	BLUE data signal
31	B2	BLUE data signal
32	GND	Signal ground
33	В3	BLUE data signal
34	B4	BLUE data signal
35	B5	BLUE data signal(MSB)
36	GND	Signal ground
37	DENA	Data enable signal(to settle the viewing area)
38	GND	Signal ground
39	VCC	+3.3 V Power supply
40	VCC	+3.3 V Power supply
41	SC	Scan direction control.(Low:Normal, High:Reverse)

^{*1)} HD and VD are not being used for timing control.

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^{*2)} Metal frame is connected to signal GND.



(2) CN 2(Backlight)

Backlight-side connector: SM06B-SHLS-TF(LF)(SN) (JST)

Corresponding connector: SHLP-06V-S-B (JST)

Pin No.	Symbol	Function
1	NC	This pin should be open.
2	NC	This pin should be open.
3	LED C 1	LED cathode 1
4	LED A 1	LED anode 1
5	LED A 2	LED anode 2
6	LED C 2	LED cathode 2



6. INTERFACE TIMING

(1) Timing Specifications

	ITEM		SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
	Frequency		fclk	35	40	42	MHz
5011	Period		t_{CLK}	23.8	25	28.6	ns
DCLK	Low Width		twcl	10			ns
	High Width	1	twch	10			ns
DATA(R,G,B)	Set up time	?	tos	4			ns
DENA Hold time			t _{DH}	4			ns
	TT 1	Active Time	tha	800	800	800	tclk
		Blanking Time	tнв	20	256		tclk
	Horizontal	Frequency	fн	35.2	37.9	39.2	kHz
		Period	tн	25.5	26.4	28.4	μs
DENA		Active Time	tvA	600	600	600	t _H
	37	Blanking Time	t_{VB}	4	28		t _H
	Vertical	Frequency	fv	55	60	64.2	Hz
		Period	tv	15.6	16.7	18.2	ms

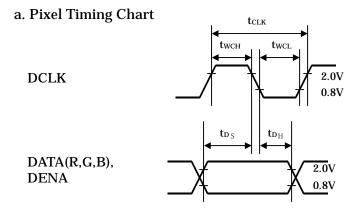
[Note]

- 1) DATA is latched at fall edge of DCLK in this specification.
- 2) DENA (Data Enable) should always be positive polarity as shown in the timing specification.
- 3) DCLK should appear during all invalid period.
- 4) In case of blanking time fluctuation, please satisfy following condition.

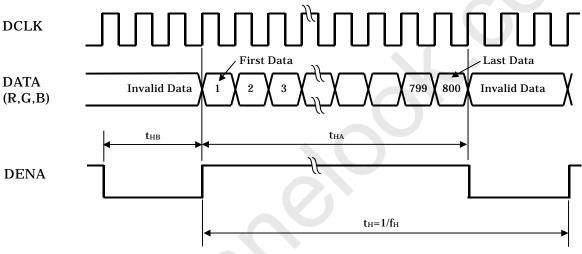
 $t_{VBn} > t_{VBn\text{-}1} - 3(t_H)$



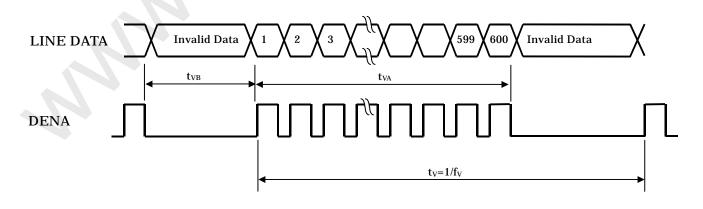
(2) Timing Chart



b. Horizontal Timing Chart



c. Vertical Timing Chart





(3) Color	Data Assignn	nent																	
								1	IN	NPUT	DAT	TA.		1					
C	OLOR			R D	ATA	Ī				G D	ATA	=	<u></u>			BD	ATA	=	:
	OLOK	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B5	В4	В3	B2	B1	В0
	T	MSB					LSB	MSB					LSB	MSB					LSB
	BLACK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(63)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
BASIC	BLUE(63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
COLOR	CYAN	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	MAGENTA	1_	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1_	1	1	1	1	1
	YELLOW	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	WHITE	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED(1)	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(2)	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RED																			
	RED(62)	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(63)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREEN																	- - - -		
	GREEN(62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	BLUE(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
BLUE																			
	BLUE(62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
	BLUE(63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1

[Note]

1) Definition of gray scale

 $Color\ (n) --- n\ indicates\ gray\ scale\ level.$

Higher n means brighter level.

2) Data

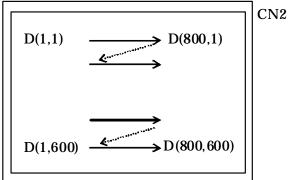
1:High, 0: Low



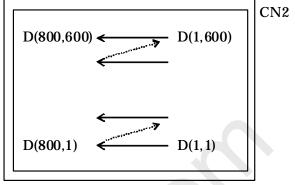
$\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{(4) Display Position and Scan Direction} \\ \end{tabular}$

D(X,Y) shows the data number of input signal for LCD panel signal processing PCB.

SC:Low

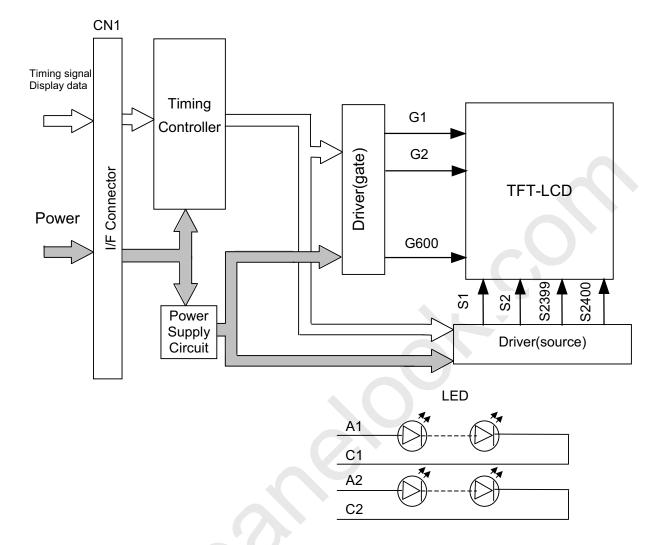


SC:High





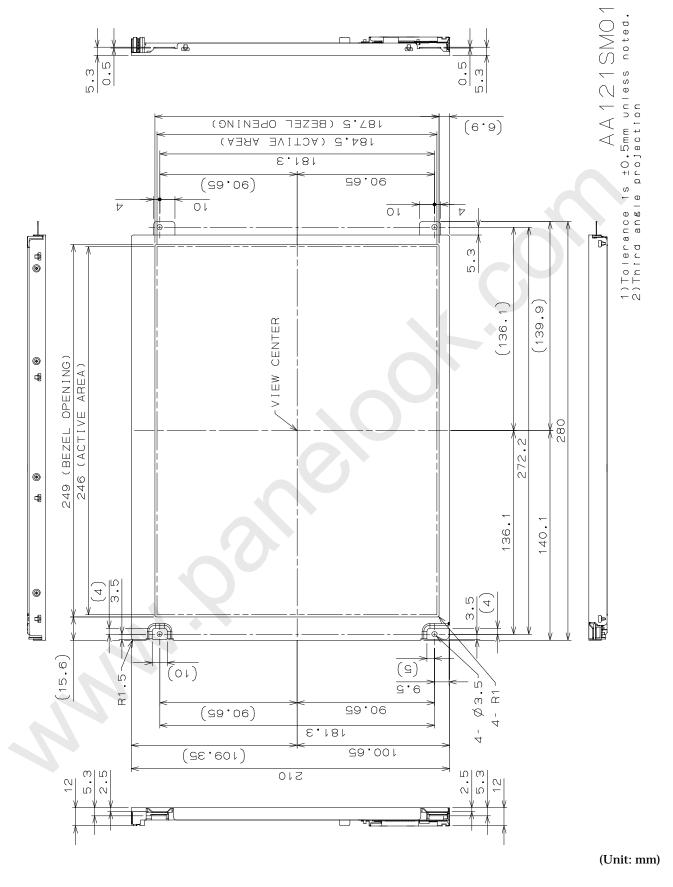
7. BLOCK DIAGRAM





8. MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

(1) Front Side

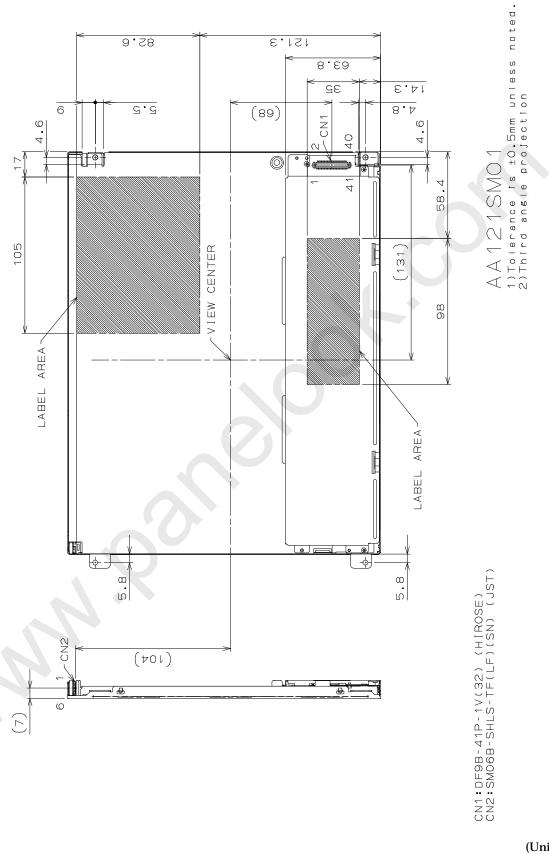


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(2) Rear Side

Global LCD Panel Exchange Center



(Unit:mm)

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9. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Ta=25°C, VCC=3.3V, Inp	iut Digitais, Typ.	values shown in	occurr o

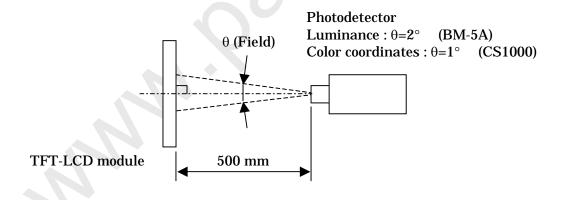
ITE	M	SYMBOL	CONDITION	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	Remarks
Contrast Rat	io	CR	$\theta_{V}=0^{\circ},\theta_{H}=0^{\circ}$	400	600			*1)*2)*5)
Luminance		Lw	$\theta v=0^{\circ}, \theta H=0^{\circ}$	440	550		cd/m²	*1)*5)
Luminance U	Jniformity	ΔLw	$\theta_{V}=0^{\circ}, \theta_{H}=0^{\circ}$			30	%	*1)*3)*5)
Posnonso Tir	no.	tr	$\theta_{V}=0^{\circ}, \theta_{H}=0^{\circ}$		4		ms	*1)*4)*5)
Response Tir	ne	tf	$\theta_{V}=0^{\circ}, \theta_{H}=0^{\circ}$		12		ms	*1)*4)*5)
Viewing	Horizontal	θ_{H}	CR ≥ 10	-65~65	-80~80		٥	*1)*5)
Angle	Vertical	$\theta_{ m V}$	CR ≥ 10	-45~65	-60~80		۰	*1)*5)
Image stickir	ng	tis	2 h			2	S	*6)
	Red	Rx		0.511	0.551	0.591		
		Ry		0.304	0.344	0.384		
Color	Green	Gx		0.314	0.354	0.394		
Coordinates		Gy	$\theta_{V}=0^{\circ}, \theta_{H}=0^{\circ}$	0.522	0.562	0.602		*1)*5)
	Blue			0.125	0.165	0.205		
				0.101	0.141	0.181		
	White	Wx		0.273	0.313	0.353		
		Wy		0.289	0.329	0.369		

[Note]

These items are measured using CS1000(MINOLTA) for color coordinates, EZContrast(ELDIM) for viewing angle and CS1000 or BM-5A(TOPCON) for others under the dark room condition (no ambient light) after more than 30 minutes from turning on the backlight unless noted.

Condition: IF = 120 mA

Measurement method for luminance and color coordinates is as follows.



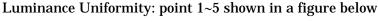
The luminance is measured according to FLAT PANEL DISPLAY MEASUREMENTS STANDARD (VESA Standard).

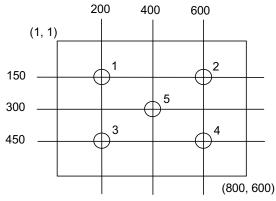
*1) Measurement Point

Contrast Ratio, Luminance, Response Time, Viewing Angle, Color Coordinates: DisplayCenter

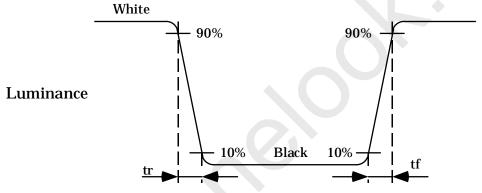
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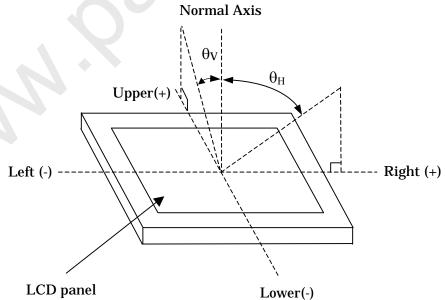




- *2) Definition of Contrast Ratio
 CR= Luminance with all white pixels / Luminance with all black pixels
- *3) Definition of Luminance Uniformity $\Delta Lw=[Lw(MAX)/Lw(MIN)-1]\times 100$
- *4) Definition of Response Time



*5) Definition of Viewing Angle (θ_V , θ_H)



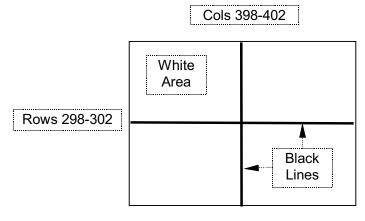
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*6) Image sticking:

Continuously display the test pattern shown in the figure below for two-hours. Then display a completely white screen. The previous image shall not persist more than two seconds at 25° C.



TEST PATTERN FOR IMAGE STICKING TEST



10. RELIABILITY TEST CONDITION

(1) Temperature and Humidity

ITEM	CONDITIONS
HIGH TEMPERATURE HIGH HUMIDITY OPERATION	40°C, 90%RH, 240 h (No condensation)
HIGH TEMPERATURE OPERATION	80°C, 240 h
LOW TEMPERATURE OPERATION	−30°C, 240 h
HIGH TEMPERATURE STORAGE	80°C, 240 h
LOW TEMPERATURE STORAGE	−30°C, 240 h
THERMAL SHOCK	BETWEEN -30°C (1h) and 80°C(1h), 100 CYCLES

(2) Shock & Vibration

ITEM	CONDITIONS
	Shock level: 1470m/s ² (150G)
SHOCK	Waveform: half sinusoidal wave, 2ms
(NON-OPERATION)	Number of shocks: one shock input in each direction of three mutually
	perpendicular axes for a total of six shock inputs
	Vibration level: 9.8m/s ² (1.0G)
	Waveform: sinusoidal
VIBRATION	Frequency range: 5 to 500Hz
(NON-OPERATION)	Frequency sweep rate: 0.5 octave /min
	Duration: one sweep from 5 to 500 Hz in each of three mutually
	perpendicular axis(each x,y,z axis: 1 hour, total 3 hours)

(3) Judgment standard

The judgment of the above tests should be made as follow:

Pass: Normal display image, no damage of the display function. (ex. no line defect)

Partial transformation of the module parts should be ignored.

Fail: No display image, damage of the display function. (ex. line defect)



11. OTHER FEATURE

This LCD module complies with RoHS $\!\!\!^{*)}$ directive.

*) RoHS: Restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment



12. HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR TFT-LCD MODULE

Please pay attention to the followings in handling TFT-LCD products;

(1) ASSEMBLY PRECAUTION

- a. Please mount the LCD module by using mounting hole with a screw clamping torque (recommended value: 0.3 Nm). Please do not bend or wrench the LCD module in assembling. Please do not drop, bend or twist the LCD module in handling.
- b. Please design display housing in accordance with the following guide lines.
 - (a) Housing case must be designed carefully so as not to put stresses on LCD and not to wrench module.
 - (b) Under high temperature environment, performance and life time of LED may heavily shorten. When you design with our LCD product, please consider radiating heat and ventilation for good heat management.
 - (c) Keep sufficient clearance between LCD module back surface and housing when the LCD module is mounted. Approximately 1.0mm of the clearance in the design is recommended taking into account the tolerance of LCD module thickness and mounting structure height on the housing.
 - (d) When some parts, such as, FPC cable and ferrite plate, are installed underneath the LCD module, still sufficient clearance is required, such as 0.5mm. This clearance is, especially, to be reconsidered when the additional parts are implemented for EMI countermeasure.
 - (e) Design the LED driver location and connector position carefully so as not to give stress to LED backlight cable.
 - (f) Keep sufficient clearance between LCD module and the others parts, such as inverter and speaker so as not to interfere the LCD module. Approximately 1.0 mm of the clearance in the design is recommended.
 - (g) To avoid local elevation/decrease of temperature, considering location of heating element, heat release, thermal design should be done.
- c. Please do not push or scratch LCD panel surface with anything hard. And do not soil LCD panel surface by touching with bare hands. (Polarizer film, surface of LCD panel is easy to be flawed.)
- d. Please wipe off LCD panel surface with absorbent cotton or soft cloth in case of it being soiled.
- e. Please wipe off drops of adhesives like saliva and water on LCD panel surface immediately. They might damage to cause panel surface variation and color change.
- f. Please do not take a LCD module to pieces and reconstruct it. Resolving and reconstructing modules may cause them not to work well.
- g. Please do not touch metal frames with bare hands and soiled gloves. A color change of the metal frames can happen during a long preservation of soiled LCD modules.
- h. Please handle metal frame carefully because edge of metal frame is very sharp.
- i. Please connect the metal frame of LCD module to GND in order to minimize the effect of

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external noise and EMI.

j. Be sure to connect the cables and the connecters correctly.

(2) OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- a. Please be sure to turn off the power supply before connecting and disconnecting signal input cable.
- b. Please do not change variable resistance settings in LCD module. They are adjusted to the most suitable value. If they are changed, it might happen LCD does not satisfy the characteristics specification.
- c. The interface signal speed is very high. Please pay attention to transmission line design and other high speed signal precautions to satisfy signal specification.
- d. A condensation might happen on the surface and inside of LCD module in case of sudden change of ambient temperature. Please take care so as not to cause any damage mentioned on (1)-d.
- e. Please pay attention not to display the same pattern for very long time. Image might stick on LCD. Even if image sticking happens, it may disappear as the operation time proceeds.
- f. Please obey the same safe instructions as ones being prepared for ordinary electronic products.

(3) PRECAUTIONS WITH ELECTROSTATICS

- a. This LCD module use CMOS-IC on circuit board and TFT-LCD panel, and so it is easy to be affected by electrostatics. Please be careful with electrostatics by the way of your body connecting to the ground and so on.
- b. Please remove protection film very slowly from the surface of LCD module to prevent from electrostatics occurrence.

(4) STORAGE PRECAUTIONS

LCD should be stored in the room temperature environment with normal humidity. The LCD inventory should be processed by first-in first-out method.

(5) SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

- a. When you waste damaged or unnecessary LCDs, it is recommended to crush LCDs into pieces and wash them off with solvents such as acetone and ethanol, which should later be burned.
- b. If any liquid leaks out of a damaged glass cell and comes in contact with the hands, wash off thoroughly with soap and water.
- c. Be sure to turn off the power supply when inserting or disconnecting the LED backlight cable.
- d. LED driver should be designed carefully to limit or stop its function when over current is detected on the LED.

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(6) OTHERS

- a. A strong incident light into LCD panel may cause deterioration to polarizer film, color filter, and other materials, which will degrade the quality of display characteristics. Please do not expose LCD module under strong Ultraviolet rays for a long time.
- b. Please pay attention to a panel side of LCD module not to contact with other materials in preserving it alone.
- c. For the packaging box handling, please see and obey with the packaging specification datasheet.